INTERPROVED FOR RE 000700050002-1 This document Sing Trained States. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP INTELLIGENCE REPORT 25X1C DATE: COUNTRY Icros INFO. SUBJECT Economic Information: Transportation in DIST. 24 June 1947 North Korea 25X1A PAGES 2 SUPPLEMENT 25X1**次9列4**級 25X1X

Passenger Train Schedules

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Note: The times for departures and arrivals given below are approximate and are based on observations made during one trip through North Korea.)

From	<u>To</u>	Depart	Arrive	Remarks
Simuiju (Shingishu) (124-24, 40-06)	Pyongyang (Heijo) (125-44, 39-01)	0700	1600	Fare 113 won. Trip usuall takes 12-13 hours, but may take up to two days. One train per day. Scheduled time: nine hours.
Pyongyang	Sinuiju	1100	2100	One train per day.
Pyongyang	Wonsan (Genzan) (127-26, 39-10)	1500	elliggs-der füllmerell dels	One train per day.
Wonsan	Hamhung (Kanko) (127-32, 39-54)	0800	1700*	Fare 129 won. One train per day leaves Wonsan for the Morth.
Hamhung	Nanam (Ranan) (129-41, 41-42)	1500	2100*	This is the train origi- nating in Wonsan and run- ning north.
Chongjin (Seisnin) (129-49, 41-46)	Pyongyang	<b>17</b> 00	1300 (fo	ollowing day) One train per day,
Chonggin	"onsan	0900	PRESIDENCE SERVICES	One train per day (Two trains per day leave Chongjin: one for Pyongyang, one for Wonsan.)

Note: The distance between Wonsan and Hamhung is roughly only a third between Hamhung and Manam, yet the time given above for the trip between Monsan and Hamhung is nine hours and that for the Hamhung-Nanam trip is only six hours.)

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- 2. The railroad between Simuiju and Pyongyang is double-tracked, but only one track is used. Passenger trains must wait on sidings for passage of trains coming from the opposite direction or for passage of Soviet trains.
- The railroad between Pyongyang and Wonsan is double-tracked for a short distance
  25X1A northeast of Pyongyang, single-tracked to Kowon (Kogen) (127-14, 39-26), and doubletracked to Wonsan. Note: The "short distance of double-tracked road
  northeast from Pyongyang" probably refers to that part of the main line between
  Simulju and Pyongyang which is used on the Pyongyang-Wonsan road. Also, according
  to Chapter 7 of Janis #75, the road from Kowon to Wonsan is single-tracked as of
  February 1945.)\*\*\*
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  4. The railroad from Wonsan to Chongjin is double-tracked. ( Note: Chapter ? of Janis #75 shows this railroad as single-tracked as of February 1945.)\*\*
- No direct rail connection exists between Vladivostok and North Korea. Rail traffic is routed through eastern Manchuria and then into Siberia. (Note: Chapter 7 of Janis #75 shows a single-tracked railroad leaving the Korean border at Hunyung (Kunju) (130-15, 42-55) for Vladivostok.)\*\*
  - 6. Delays in traveling are frequent and may last from a few hours to several days. One cause of delay is the inferior grade of coal and oil that the railroads are forced to use. Soviet trains have priority over other trains and it is often necessary to wait for Soviet freight and passenger trains to pass. On 12 February 1947 a delay of over five hours occurred at Yangdok (Yotoku) (126-54, 39-10) when the engine of a Korean passenger train was removed and attached to a Soviet freight train. The Korean stationmaster at Yangdok explained to the passengers that Soviets have priority over Korean passengers and that it was necessary to wait for another engine to arrive.
  - 7. Passenger trains usually consist of seven or eight cars. The cars are in poor condition, with seats removed and windows broken, and are usually extremely crowded. Engineers on Korean rassenger trains are Korean, those on Soviet trains, Soviets. Occasionally a Soviet engineer is seen wearing a Soviet Army overcoat and may be a member of the Soviet Army. Soviet soldiers travel either in special trains or in special cars attached to Korean trains. On the east coast, however, Soviet soldiers sometimes ride in the same cars as Korean passengers.

8. Public Bus Line Between Simuiju and Uiju (Gishu) (124-32, 40-12)

Two busses operate between Simuiju and Uiju, both using charcoal as fuel. The busses run every hour on the hour from Simuiju to Uiju between the hours of 0800 and 1600 and between Uiju and Simuiju between the hours of 0900 and 1700. Fare is 38 won. There are seats in each bus for 30 passengers but the busses are usually overcrowded. Breakdowns are frequent and schedules are not maintained. But lines also operate between the other large cities of North Korea.

9. Truck Transport

Trucks operate between the larger cities of North Korea. These are privately owned but are controlled by the Communications Bureaus of the Peoples Committees. Most of them use carbide as a fuel, the remainder using charcoal.

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